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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/720,116	116 11/25/2003 Mihai Albulet		003797.00694	4518	
28319 BANNER & W	7590 04/05/200 ITCOFF, LTD.	EXAMINER			
	FOR CLÍENT NOS. 0	CRIBBS, MALCOLM D			
1100 13th STRI SUITE 1200	EET, N.W.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
WASHINGTON	N, DC 20005-4051	2115			
SHORTENED STATUTORY	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

			Application No.	.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary			10/720,116		ALBULET, MIHAI				
		E	xaminer		Art Unit				
		N	Malcolm D. Cribbs		2115				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	nication appea	rs on the cover s	heet with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE IN nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this coming operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum is the to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DAT s of 37 CFR 1.136(a munication. tatutory period will a y will, by statute, ca	E OF THIS COM  a). In no event, howeve  apply and will expire SIX  use the application to b.	IMUNICATION  r, may a reply be tim  ( (6) MONTHS from the secome ABANDONED	ely filed he mailing date of this c ) (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status									
1)	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>05 Janu</i>	uary 2007.						
2a)□	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
,	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposit	on of Claims								
4)🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the application.								
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠									
7)🛛	Claim(s) 3,12,18 and 24-26 is/are o	bjected to.	· .						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or e	lection requirem	ent.	·				
Applicat	on Papers			٠.		•			
9)[	The specification is objected to by the	ne Examiner.							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	: a) <u></u> accep	ted or b)□ objed	ted to by the E	xaminer.				
	Applicant may not request that any obje	ection to the dra	awing(s) be held in	abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	g the correction	is required if the o	drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for foreign pr	iority under 35 U	J.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:				,				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
	application from the Internation	•							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
		,							
Attachmen	t(s)			•	٠				
	te of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) 🔲 In	terview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  3) Notice of Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Notice of Informal Patent Application									
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/05/07.  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:									
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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claims 1-26 are presented for examination.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hulvey [Publication No. US 2003/0197488] in view of Tzannes [Patent No. US 6,667,991].

As per claim 1, Hulvey teaches the invention comprising:

a batter power source [Fig. 2, 204];

a radio transceiver powered by the battery and having components for transmission and receipt of data [Fig. 2, 216];

a memory having instructions stored thereon [Fig. 2, 208]; and

a controller coupled to the transceiver and to the memory and configured to execute the instructions so as to [Fig. 2, 202]

create, via the transceiver, wireless connections with remote devices in any of a plurality of connection configurations[[0032], lines 6-10],

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Hulvey discloses a method of wirelessly controlling the power of a remote device when no activity is detected such as when the host powers down or switches modes. Hulvey does not teach a method detecting the presence of parameters identifying one of a plurality of configurations and implementing a power management algorithm accordingly.

Tzannes teaches another method of controlling power between two wirelessly communicating remote devices when one of the devices included powers down or switches power [Col 8 line 1]. Tzannes discloses:

detecting the presence, in a wireless transmission from a remote device, of one or more parameters identifying one of the plurality of configurations [Col 11, lines 46-50, wherein initially the transmitter and receiver exchange info indicating their minimum and maximum capabilities, thus identifying one or more of the plurality of configurations in wireless transmission from a remote device], and

implementing, based on the configuration identified, one of the plurality of power management algorithms [Col 11 line 51 – Col 12 line 14; wherein, after identifying one of the plurality of configurations, it is determined whether the data rate is to be increased or decreased, and based on whether the new rate is supported it is implemented. Further Tzannes indicates that the SRA method can be used in the same manner to implement different power modes [Col 14 lines 50-64].].

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Tzannes has the additional feature of providing for seamless changes of transmission bit rates during operation that change transmission bit rates between power levels that range from full power to low power [Col 6 lines 5-8].

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill of the art having the teachings of Hulvey and Tzannes at the time the invention was made, to modify the remote device power controlling method of Hulvey to include the ability to implement power control based on those supported by both devices as taught by Tzannes. One of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to make this combination of including determining power control methods supported by a remote device in view of the teachings of Tzannes, as doing so would give the added benefit of providing for seamless changes of transmission bit rates during operation that change transmission bit rates between power levels that range from full power to low power [as taught by Tzannes above].

As per Claim 2, Hulvey discloses a device wherein the controller is configured to detect the presence of one or more parameters by determining if a wireless connection with the remote device has at least one parameter corresponding to an acceptably fast re-connection procedure [[0070]].

As per Claim 4, Hulvey discloses wherein the controller is configured such that the device is inactive if the device is not being used to generate or transmit data based on input from a human user of the device [[0058], lines 6-8, [0059]].

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As per Claim 5, Hulvey discloses a device wherein the controller is further configured detect the presence of one or more parameters at the time of establishing a

wireless connection with a remote device (Fig. 11, [0065], lines 19-24, [0066], lines 5-8].

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As per Claim 6, Hulvey discloses a device wherein the plurality of power management algorithms comprises three or more power management algorithms [[0065], lines 1-12, 19-23, [0068], lines 1-5].

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As per Claim 7, Hulvey discloses a device wherein the device is a computer input device [[0010]].

As per Claim 8, Hulvey discloses a device wherein the device is a computer mouse [[0032]].

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As per Claim 9, Hulvey discloses a device wherein the device is a computer keyboard [[0033]].

As per Claim 10, Hulvey discloses a method for automatically selecting a power

20 management algorithm in a battery-powered wireless device capable of creating

wireless connections with a remote device in any of a plurality of connection

configurations, comprising:

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establishing a wireless connection with a remote device [[0065], lines 1-5].

Hulvey discloses a method of wirelessly controlling the power of a remote device when no activity is detected such as when the host powers down or switches modes. Hulvey does not teach a method detecting the presence of parameters identifying one of a plurality of configurations and implementing a power management algorithm accordingly.

Tzannes teaches another method of controlling power between two wirelessly communicating remote devices when one of the devices included powers down or switches power [Col 8 line 1]. Tzannes discloses:

determining wireless communication features supported by the remote device [CoI 11, lines 46-50, wherein initially the transmitter and receiver exchange info indicating their minimum and maximum capabilities, thus identifying one or more of the plurality of configurations in wireless transmission from a remote device]; and

implementing a first power management algorithm if the remote device supports a first communication feature [Col 11 line 51 – Col 12 line 14; wherein, after identifying one of the plurality of configurations, it is determined whether the data rate is to be increased or decreased, and based on whether the new rate is supported it is implemented. Further Tzannes indicates that the SRA method can be used in the same manner to implement different power modes [Col 14 lines 50-64]. It would be inherent to include implementing a second power management algorithm if the device does not

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support the first wherein it is not supported by the device a deny message is sent in response and thus a another attempt can be sent with a different request in order to proceed with the method [Col 11 lines 61-64].].

Tzannes has the additional feature of providing for seamless changes of transmission bit rates during operation that change transmission bit rates between power levels that range from full power to low power [Col 6 lines 5-8].

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill of the art having the teachings of Hulvey and Tzannes at the time the invention was made, to modify the remote device power controlling method of Hulvey to include the ability to implement power control based on those supported by both devices as taught by Tzannes. One of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to make this combination of including determining power control methods supported by a remote device in view of the teachings of Tzannes, as doing so would give the added benefit of providing for seamless changes of transmission bit rates during operation that change transmission bit rates between power levels that range from full power to low power [as taught by Tzannes above].

As per Claim 11, Hulvey discloses a method wherein the first communication feature comprises support for an acceptably fast re-connection procedure [[0070]].

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As per Claim 13, Hulvey discloses a method wherein the wireless device is inactive if the wireless device is not being used to generate or transmit data based on input from a human user [[0058], lines 6-8, [0059]].

As per Claim 14, Hulvey discloses a method of claim 10, further comprising: implementing a third power management algorithm if the remote device does not support the first feature but supports a second feature [Fig. 11, [0065], lines 19-24, [0066], lines 5-8].

As per claim 15, Hulvey discloses a method Wherein said determining wireless communication features comprises determining wireless communication features at the time of establishing a wireless connection with a remote device [[0065], lines 1-12, 19-23, [0068], lines 1-5].

As per Claim 16, it is directed to a machine-readable medium to implement the method of steps as set forth in claim 10. Therefore, it is rejected on the same basis as set forth hereinabove.

As per Claim 17, Hulvey discloses a machine-readable medium wherein the first communication feature comprises support for all acceptably fast re-connection procedure.

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As per Claim 19, Hulvey discloses a machine-readable medium wherein the wireless device is inactive if the wireless device is not being used to generate or

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5 **As per Claim 20**, Hulvey discloses a machine-readable medium comprising

transmit data based on input from a human user [[0058], lines 6-8, [0059]].

further sequences of instructions that cause the processor to perform steps comprising:

implementing a third power management algorithm if the remote device does not support the first feature but supports a second feature [Figure 11, [0065], lines 19-24, [0066], lines 5-8].

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As per Claim 21, Hulvey discloses a machine-readable medium wherein said determining wireless communication features comprises determining wireless communication features at the time of establishing a wireless communication with a remote device [[0065], lines 1-12, 19-23, [0068], lines 1-5].

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As per claims 22, it is directed to a computer input device to implement the method of steps as set forth in claim 10. Therefore, it is rejected on the same basis as set forth hereinabove.

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As per claim 23, Hulvey discloses a method wherein the first communication feature comprises establishing a re-connection in a reduced amount of time [[0070]].

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Claims 3, 12, 18, and 24-26 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

5 Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Malcolm D. Cribbs whose telephone number is 571-272-5689. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8AM-430PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas Lee can be reached on 571-272-3667. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Malcolm D Cribbs Examiner Art Unit 2115 April 2, 2007 MC

THOMAS LEE SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100